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62.89

Condensed
Catalog and Price List
1921 - 1922



“Make the Home More Fruitful
and Beautiful”

UTAH NURSERY COMPANY
Office and Packing Grounds: 2190 S. State Street
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH
Established 1882

**ALL PRICES AND TERMS ARE SUBJECT TO
CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE**

THIS is made necessary by unsettled business conditions that effect the cost of material which we are obliged to buy for operating our business, and also by fluctuations in the prevailing wage rate.

These Prices and Terms Effective

JULY 1, 1921

These prices are F. O. B. Salt Lake City, Utah.

A TABLE SHOWING THE NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS TO THE ACRE

Distance	Number of Trees	Distance	Number of Trees
1 foot apart each way.....	43,560	10 feet apart each way.....	434
2 feet apart each way.....	10,890	15 feet apart each way.....	193
3 feet apart each way.....	4,840	16 feet apart each way.....	170
4 feet apart each way.....	2,702	18 feet apart each way.....	134
5 feet apart each way.....	1,742	20 feet apart each way.....	108
6 feet apart each way.....	1,210	25 feet apart each way.....	69
7 feet apart each way.....	888	30 feet apart each way.....	48
8 feet apart each way.....	680	35 feet apart each way.....	35
9 feet apart each way.....	537	40 feet apart each way.....	28

Rule:- Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill, which, divided into the number of feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to the acre.

Proper distance for planting Strawberries: 1 foot apart in the rows, and rows 3 feet apart.

PARCEL POST SHIPMENTS

We can ship all varieties of Berries, Shrubs and two to three-foot Fruit Trees by Parcel Post to any point on the railroad or to interior towns any distance from a railroad. Bales weighing not to exceed 50 lbs. and 84 inches in length and girth can be shipped by Parcel Post.

We will be pleased to quote prices to anyone desiring different sizes or stock in larger quantities than offered in this catalog. In sending list, state definitely the number of each variety and the size wanted. We are always pleased to allow personal selection by our customers of particular ornamental stock, fruit trees, etc.



Fruit Department

APPLES

There is a constantly increasing demand for high-quality fruit of all kinds, and in no class of fruit is this demand more noticeable than in Apples. With the proper selection of varieties and intelligent cultivation there is no reason why the orchardist who makes a specialty of apples should not have a business yielding him larger returns for the money and labor invested than almost any other horticultural industry.

One and two years, three feet and up; each, \$1.00; dozen, \$9.00; 50, \$27.50; 100, \$50.00.

Summer Varieties

Early Harvest—An old straw-colored favorite.

Red June—Deep red, sometimes called Strawberry.

Red Astrichan—Large, acid; a fine cooker.
Yellow Transparent—Should be in every orchard.

Autumn Varieties

Duchess—Yellow, streaked with red.
Gravenstein—A great California Jelly apple.
Maiden Blush—High quality with pink cheek.
McIntosh Red—A hardy red apple, grown in the North; finest quality. October.

Twenty-Ounce—Very large, fine cooling apple.
Wealthy—Fine streaked red. October.

Winter Varieties

Black Twig—Large, dull red, hardy.
Delicious—One of the best apples in the world today. Large, beautiful color, good bearer, hardy trees, fine flavor and immune from blight. Keeps until Christmas.
Gano—Large, heavy bearer. Keeps until June.
Jonathan—One of the leading commercial apples. Rich in flavor, red. Keeps until January.
Northwestern Greening—Very hardy, large, good for baking.
Rome Beauty—Beautiful cream color, streaked with red. Keeps until May.

Rhode Island Greening—Known for its fine qualities.
Spitzenberg—Famous in the Northwest.
Stayman Winesap—Large; a good commercial variety.
Winesap—Dark red. Keeps until April.
White Winter Pearmain—An old favorite variety. Long keeper.
Winter Banana—Most beautiful in appearance. A leader on the market.
Yellow Bellflower—Planted extensively in California.

CRAB APPLES

Within the past few years a good many people have given much attention to improving this class of fruit. Their efforts have been attended with marked success. Crab apples succeed equally well in all sections and are valuable for cider, preserving and jellies and some of the improved varieties are excellent for eating. Every orchard should contain a few as the trees are handsome, annual bearers and usually fruit the second year.

Red Siberian—Small; fine for preserving.
Transcendent—Medium size with red cheek.

Whitney—Large, yellow flesh, streaked with red.

PEARS

Pears are one of the very best fruits we have, and for which we always find a good market with high prices. The cultivation of this fruit is rapidly extending as its value is appreciated and the demand is increasing every year, making it one of the most profitable to plant. The range of variety is such that they can be had in good eating condition from August until early spring.

One year, three feet and up; each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00; 50, \$27.50; 100, \$50.00.

Bartlett—The leading commercial pear; ripens September first.
Beurre De Anjou—A fine fall variety; large russet yellow.
Flemish Beauty—Large, red cheek; bears heavy. Fine for September use.
Keiffer—Large, heavy bearer. Tree immune from blight. Winter.

P. Barry—A pear of fine quality. Keeps all winter.
Seckel—Small russet, very rich. Not a commercial variety. Fine for ornamental.
Winter Nellis—One of the best winter pears. Russet, medium size.

CHERRIES

A good, healthy fruit, liked by everybody. They will thrive most anywhere, except on very wet land. A side hill, even if very steep, will do, and on such the cherry will probably bring better returns than any other crop. There is always a good market for cherries and never have we seen an overproduction, and prices are always very profitable for the grower.

Oneyear, three feet and up; each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00; 50, \$55.00; 100, \$100.00.

Sweet Varieties

Black Tartarian—Large, black, of known quality.

Bing—Large, firm, sweet. A good commercial variety.

Lambert—Becoming the universal black, sweet shipping cherry.

Napoleon Biggereau—The leading yellow canning cherry; red cheek.

Windsor—Large, black, fine quality.

Sub-Acid Varieties

Early Richmond—Early light red, medium size.

English Morrello—Late; almost black when fully ripe.

Montmorency—Large dark red; one of the best tart cherries.

May Duke—Large red; very early.

Royal Duke—A rich sub-acid cherry; ripens in July.

PLUMS

The Plum, like the pear and other finer fruits, succeeds best in heavy soil with some clay, and being almost entirely free from disease, they can be grown very profitably. Of late years the demand has been growing very rapidly. The finer kinds are excellent dessert fruits of rich and luscious flavor; for cooking and canning they are unsurpassed.

One year, three feet and up; each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00; 50, \$32.50; 100, \$60.00.

Bradshaw—Large purple; a market favorite.
Burbank—Large, light red; one of Burbank's productions.

Green Gage—A well known variety.

Kelsey—A very large, red plum. One of California's leading varieties.

Jefferson—Large red; ripens early.

Lombard—Purplish red, very hard; medium size.

Peach—Red, fine quality; a good Utah variety.

Satsuma (Blood Plum)—Large; very fine for jelly.

Wickson—Large red; one of Burbank's best plums.

Yellow Egg—Hardy; good for North.

PRUNES

Each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00; 50, \$32.50; 100, \$60.00.

French—Medium size, red, sugary, sweet. Fine for drying.

Giant—Large, red; bears heavy.

Hungarian—Very large, dark red.

Italian—Large purple. The leading commercial variety.

NOTE: Italian Prunes may be had at \$50 per hundred.

Improved French—An improvement over the old French variety; much larger and coming to the front in California. It produces heavy crops of fruit every year without fail.

Imperial—Large, juicy, sweet, rich and excellent. August.

PEACHES

The Peach is indeed a fruit of commercial importance and finds wide distribution, not only in Utah but throughout the length and width of the nation. For size, flavor, color and shipping qualities, the peaches grown in this state have a national reputation. The trees prefer a light deep sandy loam, preferably inclined to be dry rather than too moist, but well drained. It should not be less than 3 or 4 feet deep, the more depth the better. The fact that the drying of peaches can be carried on so simply without any loss of fruit, for the sun does the work after the peaches have been halved and the pits extracted, exposed to the fumes of sulphur for four hours on wooden trays. The drying of peaches is a business in itself, just as much so as the shipping of fresh fruit and the canning business. As a matter of fact, the orchardist at a very small additional expense could easily do this himself. All that is necessary after the peaches have been halved, regardless of variety, is to immerse the fruit in hot lye water, heated to a temperature of 200 degrees Fahrenheit, for 40 seconds; dissolve one pound of lye in 10 gallons of water. The peaches, after being given the lye dip, are then immersed in a tank of cold water, not only to remove every vestige of lye but to cause the skins to slough off. It would pay the owners of large orchards to purchase a lye dipping machine such as used in canning factories, known as a "Grasshopper," for this purpose. The machine is not very expensive and would more than pay for itself in a single season.

One year, three feet and up; each, \$1.00; dozen, \$9.00; 50, \$22.50; 100, \$40.00.

Alexander—Early, semi-cling.

Carman—Cream colored peach, early in August.

Crawford's Early—Large yellow free-stone, September first.

Crawford's Late—Large yellow free-stone, follows Elberta.

Chinese Cling—White Cling, August.

Elberta—Old standard variety; leading commercial Peach; yellow free-stone.

Early Elberta—Equal to Elberta; ripens 10 days earlier.

Fruitland Cling—New Orange Cling. Promises to be a winner; September.

Heath Cling—Large, white cling; ripens October 1st. Should be in every orchard.

Hales Early—Good early peach. August 1st.

J. H. Hale—Large yellow free-stone, new variety. Ripens with Elberta and claimed to be a superior peach for commercial purposes.

Phillip's Cling—Large yellow; ripens late.

Red Bird Cling—New early peach; fine for early market; large.

Tuscan Cling—California's leading canning peach. A promising canning peach for Utah and Colorado. September.

Triumph—First yellow free-stone to ripen.

Mayflower—Earliest peach on the market.

APRICOTS

Ripening as they do, between cherries and peaches, the Apricot is a most welcome fruit, both tempting and delicious. The trees, as hardy as those of the peach, should be planted on a northern or eastern exposure to prevent early blooming.

One year, four feet and up; each, \$1.00; dozen, \$9.00; 50, \$27.50; 100, \$50.00.

Blenheim—Fine medium size early variety.

Colorado—Large, fine color; originated in Delta County, Colorado.

Chinese—One of the finest commercial varieties; originated near Ogden, Utah.

Moorpark—An old standard variety, large, late.

Routier—Large, good quality.

Royal—Medium size, heavy bearer; resembles Blenheim closely.

Tilton—Large yellow, hardy.

NECTARINES

The Nectarine has a smooth skin like the plum and is much like the peach in other ways. It requires the same culture as the peach.

One year, four feet and up, each \$1.00, dozen \$10.00.

Fisher's Yellow—A large variety; fine flavor.

Boston—An old popular variety.

QUINCES

The commercial demand for this fruit is decidedly limited, but a few should be planted for family use and there is always some sale on the local market. Following are the two leading varieties:

One year, three to four feet, each \$1.25, dozen \$12.50.

Champion—A prolific, constant and early bearer; large oval fruit, ripens late.

Orange—Large, bright yellow, of excellent flavor. October.

NUTS

IXL Almond—Tree large, with upright habit of growth. Nut very large, soft shelled and smooth. Kernel large and plump. Widely grown and a standard variety on the market. Price: \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen, \$60.00 per hundred.

Sweet Chestnut—Useful and ornamental; a valuable article of commerce. Timber is very durable and possesses a fine grain for oil finish. Nuts sweet, of delicate flavor. Price: \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

American Black Walnut—A native tree of large size and majestic form, beautiful foliage, and tree of rapid growth producing a large round nut of excellent quality. Size 4 to 6 feet, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen; size 6 to 8 feet, \$2.00 each, \$18.00 per dozen.

English Walnut—Produces crops of thin-shelled delicious nuts which are always in demand at good prices. Size 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 each, \$18.00 per dozen.

Small Fruits

BLACKBERRIES

Blackberries are among the best known and most valued of berries. No fruit is more wholesome and pleasing to the taste. The ground should be kept light, rich and clean, and pinch the canes back when they have reached four feet in height. The demand for blackberries is always good.

Erie—Berries large and nearly round, appearing thus even larger than they really are, of good quality. The canes are strong with healthy foliage, hardy, free from rust and supporting heavy crops of fruit. Ripens between Mersereau and Wilson. Price: 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen, \$7.00 per 50, \$12.00 per hundred.

Wilson—Berries of fine flavor, very sweet and juicy; very hardy. Price: 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen, \$7.00 per 50, \$15.00 per hundred.

Mersereau—Remarkably strong grower for this country, upright, producing stout, stocky canes. An enormous producer of extra size berries which are brilliant black and retain their color under all conditions; extra quality; sweet rich felting, without core. Price: 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$8.00 per 50, \$15.00 per hundred.

Rathbun—Large strong canes; good variety. Price: 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$8.00 per 50, \$15.00 per hundred.

DEWBERRIES

The Dewberry is a variety of Blackberry that trails on the ground. In size and quality the fruit excels the Blackberry. Very profuse bearer and reasonably hardy. Vines should be covered with straw or earth in winter in cold climates. Following is one of the best varieties:

Lucretia—Berries often one inch long by one inch in diameter; soft, sweet and luscious throughout. Has large showing flowers and is perfectly hardy. Price: 30c each, \$2.00 per dozen, \$6.00 per 50, \$10.00 per hundred.

LOGANBERRIES

The Loganberry is now attracting much attention in Utah. Dr. S. Gleason at Kaysville, Utah, during 1920 realized \$140.00 from 200 plants. This year he has 600 plants in bearing, getting \$3.00 to \$3.75 per crate, and can not supply the demand. The method he has proven successful is to attach the top of the vines to a wire which is attached to stout stakes at distances of about 10 feet. The new growth, which is the fruit wood for the following year, is protected in the winter with a covering of straw or corn stocks. The remarkable thing about the Loganberry is that it does well with very little water. The size and flower of the berries raised in Utah surpass the product grown on the Pacific coast. The Loganberry is a hybrid between the Raspberry and Blackberry and the fruit is as large as the largest Blackberry, having the flavor of both. Price: 35c each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$10.00 per 50, \$17.50 per 100, \$100.00 per 1000.

RASPBERRIES

The Raspberry is one of the most delicious and popular fruits grown. They are always in demand in season and command a good price on the market. For canning purposes they are unexcelled. They are easily cultivated and require little care. Cut out the old and weak shoots every year and, with little attention, they will produce large crops of berries.

Cuthbert—Large, conical, rich crimson; excellent quality. Undoubtedly the best Raspberry for general culture. Price: 25c each, \$1.50 per dozen, \$5.50 per 50, \$10.00 per 100.

Louden—Berries are very large and are of a beautiful, rich, dark crimson color. Fine flavor and excellent quality. Price: 25c each, \$1.50 per dozen, \$5.50 per 50, \$10.00 per 100.

Gregg, Black Cap—For many years the leading standard best known Black Cap Raspberry. Heavy bearer. Price: 30c each, \$2.50 per dozen, \$8.00 per 50, \$15.00 per hundred.

Marlboro—Large size, light crimson color; good quality and firm; vigorous, hardy and productive. The best well tested, large early berry for the north. Price: 25c each, \$1.50 per dozen, \$5.50 per 50, \$10.00 per hundred.

Cumberland, Black Cap—A mid-season berry. Fruit very large and of about same quality as the Gregg. A most profitable market variety. Price: 30c each, \$2.50 per dozen, \$8.00 per 50, \$15.00 per hundred.

New Everbearing Raspberry

St. Regis—Bears four months. An excellent novelty of the highest grade, in size, in brilliant crimson color, in firmness and in flavor. Will stand shipping 200 miles, arriving at the market in first class order, and can be kept in perfect condition for several days after being gathered. Unlike any other variety of Raspberry, the St. Regis yields a crop of fruit the season it is planted. Price: 40c each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$8.50 per 50; \$15.00 per 100; \$100.00 per 1000.

GOOSEBERRIES

This fruit is very useful for cooking either green or ripe and is used for canning extensively. Require but little care and easily cultivated.

Price: 35c each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$11.00 per 50, \$20.00 per 100.

Oregon Champion—One of the very best of the American varieties of Gooseberries. The bush grows very strong, is healthy and vigorous, not so very thorny, and a prolific, constant bearer. The berries are of medium size, brownish red and sweet; fine for table use and pies.

Downing—Large handsome, pale green, and of splendid quality for both cooking and table use; bush a vigorous grower.

White Smith (Smith's Improved)—Fruit large, oval; light green; flesh moderately firm, sweet and very good; very productive.

Columbus—A valuable introduction of recent years in Gooseberries. The fruit is of large size, handsome, of a greenish-yellow color and the quality is excellent. The plant is vigorous and productive and does not mildew.

CURRANTS

Currants require the same cultivation as Gooseberries. They mature just before Raspberries and can be used either raw or cooked. Can be grown in any garden soil.

Fay's Prolific—The leading market variety of Red Currant. Extra large stems and berries, uniform in size, easily picked and exceedingly productive. Price: 35c each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$11.00 per 50, \$20.00 per hundred.

Perfection Red—A cross between Fay's Prolific and White Grape, retaining the valuable characteristics of both. Beautiful bright red, larger than Fay's, holding its size to end of bunch; easy to pick, a superior bearer, less acid and of better quality than any other currant in cultivation. Price: 40c each, \$4.00 per dozen, \$15.00 per 50, \$25.00 per hundred.

Black Native—Large, black, excellent. Price: 35c each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$11.00 per 50, \$20.00 per hundred.

Red Cherry—One of the largest currants; bunches short; plant vigorous and productive. Price: 35c each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$11.00 per 50, \$20.00 per hundred.

Wilder—A new red currant, fruit large, fine flavored, great yielder, and very profitable for market. Price: 40c each, \$4.00 per dozen, \$15.00 per 50, \$25.00 per 100.

White Grape—Very large, mild and excellent; the best table variety. Price: 35c each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$11.00 per 50, \$20.00 per 100.

Lee's Prolific—Large black fine currant. Price: 35c each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$11.00 per 50, \$20.00 per 100.

GRAPES

Even under unfavorable conditions the Grape vine will bear fruit, but good culture, pruning and spraying should be applied if the best quality of fruit is desired. No part of the fruit garden yields a richer harvest than the vineyard. Along almost any garden fence or walk there is room for vines enough to furnish luscious grapes from July to November. Make the soil mellow and plant the vines somewhat deeper than they stood at the nursery.

Native Varieties

Price: 50c each, \$4.00 per dozen, \$16.00 per 50, \$30.00 per 100.

Niagara—Bunches of large white grapes, roundish, uniform; skin thin but tough, pale green at first, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe, with a thin whitish bloom; flesh slightly pulpy, tender, sweet, not quite equal to the Concord. Before it is fully matured it has a very foxy odor which disappears, to a great extent, later. Vine remarkably vigorous, healthy and productive; foliage thick and leathery. Ripens with the Concord. All things considered, it is probably the most valuable white grape in cultivation.

Moore's Early—Bunch medium; berry large, round; vine exceedingly hardy. About two weeks ahead of Concord, making it desirable for early market, particularly in the northern states. Black.

Agawam (Rogder's No. 15)—Berries large, red, thick-skinned, sweet, aromatic, sprightly. Closely follows Concord, keeping much longer.

Worden—Said to be a seedling of the Concord. Bunch large, compact, handsome; berries large—larger than those of the Concord. It ripens a few days earlier and is superior to it in flavor. Very popular for the vineyard and garden.

Concord

Price: 50c each, \$4.00 per dozen, \$12.50 per 50, \$20.00 per 100, \$150.00 per 1000.

The Concord is a black grape; the leading market, vineyard and home garden variety with which all others are habitually compared. Standard variety.

European Varieties

Price: 50c each, \$4.00 per dozen, \$12.50 per 50, \$20.00 per 100, \$150.00 per 1000.

Flame Tokay—Large, pale red, covered with bloom, flesh firm, sweet. Commands a good price in the market. Ripens in September.

Muscat (Raisin Grape)—Bunches long and loose shouldered; berry oval, sometimes round; yellowish green, skin flavor strong and characteristic. Most extensively planted variety for raisins.

Malaga—Vine a strong grower and immensely productive, thriving in almost any soil; bunches very large, often weighing ten pounds; compact, shouldered; berry very large, oval, yellowish green, fleshy; skin thick. One of the best shipping grapes, commanding a good price in markets every season. Makes a second quality raisin.

Thompson's Seedless (Sultania Blanch)—Identical with the Seedless Sultanas of Asia Minor. Vine an enormous bearer and very rapid grower; bunches very large; berries greenish-yellow, firm, oval, seedless; skin thin; much larger than Sultana. This variety is attracting a great deal of attention and it is preferred to the Sultana, having many qualities superior to it. The raisins are of a very superior quality, and are in good demand. A very early shipping grape, ripening in August. As a sherry grape, much can be said of its flavor. It is largely grown in California for raisin grape. In the northern states this grape can be grown in pots or tubs and will bear well. During winter, keep in cool cellar.

Black Malvoice

Price: 75c each, \$6.00 per dozen, \$22.50 per 50, \$40.00 per 100.

Vine a strong grower, berries large, oblong, reddish-black, with faint bloom; flesh juicy, flavor mild. An immense bearer.

STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries will succeed in any soil that is adapted to ordinary farm or garden crops. Soil should be thoroughly prepared to a good depth, well drained and enriched. Vegetable manure (much, rotten tuft, wood soil, ashes, etc.) is the best. For field culture set in rows 3 to 3½ feet apart, 15 to 18 inches in rows; for garden culture, 15 inches apart each way, leaving pathway every third row. To produce fine, large fruit, keep in hills, pinching runners off as soon as they appear. Ground should always be kept clean and well cultivated. In winter, a covering of leaves, straw or some kind of litter will protect the plants. Do not cover them until ground is frozen, or so deep as to smother the plants, and remove covering before growth starts in the spring. Dip plants in water as soon as received and bury the roots in moist, shady ground until you are ready to set them out; neglect for an hour or so is often fatal. We send all Strawberry plants by Parcel Post or Express.

Price: \$2.50 per 100, \$9.00 per 500; \$15.00 per 1000.

Marshall—Very large, roundish, dark, rich crimson; quality very good; plant vigorous, productive; season medium to late. One of the largest, finest Strawberries or recent introduction. We consider this one of the very best varieties for all purposes.

Jocunda—A good commercial variety of Strawberry. Fine flavor.

Superb Everbearing Strawberry

Price: \$4.00 per 100, \$15.00 per 500, \$25.00 per 1000.

Everbearing Strawberries that yield fruit continuously from May until frost have been known for a long time, but it is only recently that varieties of value have been produced. We offer the following leading variety and heartily recommend it as being a practical cropper and a variety that will bring a very profitable price in the market.

NOTE:—To obtain the largest size and finest Strawberry in the fall, keep flowers picked off until about the first of August.

Superb Everbearing Strawberry—The largest of all fall-bearing varieties. They are nearly round, smooth, dark crimson, glossy and of sweet, mild flavor. The plants grow well, with clean, dark green leaves and multiplying freely. It yields so heavily and the berries are so fine, it is a profitable variety to grow for its June crop alone and it is one of the most prolific and best as a cropper in autumn. Plants set in the spring will produce a fine crop of fruit the first year, provided the blossoms are kept picked until the middle of July.

MSICELLANEOUS

Rhubarb—Large tender and fine. We have been told that good home-made wine has been made from Rhubarb. We do know that jam of the highest quality is made from Rhubarb, with just a few dried figs. Price: 40c each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$25.00 per 100.

Horseradish—Price: 25c each, \$2.00 per dozen, \$10.00 per hundred.

Asparagus—Price: 25c each, \$1.00 per dozen, \$5.00 per hundred.

Ornamental Department

Beautiful surroundings need not appeal to our taste for the beautiful only, but from a commercial standpoint the beautifying of the home grounds adds to its value. Who, in seeking for a home, would pass a house surrounded by a lawn, judiciously planted to shrubs and trees which have been tenderly cared for, for years, and choose one barren of tree, shrub or vine, some of which would take years to mature.

How to Plant

In planting, due regard should be paid to the space available, and trees and shrubs should not be planted at random. Nothing is more handsome than a fine, well cut lawn, with trees and shrubs planted along the drives leading to the house and other buildings. The background for a large lawn should be of the different varieties of larger growing trees, with groups of specimen trees in the foreground. Most shrubs are at their best planted in beds, either all of one variety or with several varieties so arranged that the higher growing ones will form the center with those of lower growing habits massed around them. It is not well to plant so few that years must pass before a good effect is produced, but a surplus should be planted at first and this gradually taken out. Vines should be planted near the house and allowed to clamber on it or may be trained with a fine effect over arbors or stakes placed on the lawn.

TREES

Ailanthus (Tree of Heaven)—An extremely rapid grower with palm-like leaves. Thrives in city lots exposed to gas and smoke and in soils where most other trees perish. Size 6 to 8 feet: \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Ash, European Mountain—Large, spreading tree of rapid growth; darker foliage than the American Ash. Six to 8 feet: \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

Ash, Green—A handsome medium size tree with slender branches forming a round-topped head. Six to 8 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen.

Ash, White—A rapid growing native tree of fine symmetrical outline. Good street or park tree. Four to 6 feet, 50c each, \$5.00 per dozen; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 each, \$9.00 per dozen.

Birch, White—A rather small tree with smooth white bark and beautiful foliage. Very effective when planted in front of evergreens to afford strong contrast. Six to 8 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per dozen.

Birch, European White (Scotch)—Similar to the American or Canoe Birch, with slender branches and silvery white bark. After a few years' growth it assumes a graceful weeping habit, adding greatly to its beauty. Six to 8 feet, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

Box Elder—Of spreading habit, and rapid growth, very hardy but cannot be recommended where other good shade trees can be grown. Six to 8 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Catalpa Bungeii (Umbrella Catalpa) Leaves large, glossy, heart-shaped, deep green, lying like shingles on a roof. Two-year head, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

Catalpa Speciosa—A most rapid grower, valuable for timber, fence posts, railroad ties, etc. Possesses wonderful durability. Large, heart-shaped leaves and compound panicles of white flower, tinged violet and dotted purple and yellow. Five to 6 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Cherry, Flowering Wild Bird (Cerasus)—A charming small tree with branches completely covered with a mass of large double, white flowers in May and bright red fruits that attract birds. Four to 5 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Chestnut, Horse—A handsome tree of regular form with showy foliage and covered in the spring with panicles of white flowers marked in red. As a lawn or street tree, it has no superior. Five to 6 feet, \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen; 6 to 8 feet, \$2.25 each, \$24.00 per dozen.

Crab, Bechtel's Double Flowering—One of the most beautiful of the flowering crabs; tree of medium size, covered in early spring with large beautiful, fragrant flowers of a delicate pink color; very popular for lawns, as it blooms when quite young. Three to 4 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Cornus, Red (Dogwood)—A variety producing flowers suffused with bright red; blooms when quite young.

Cornus, Yellow—Producing creamy colored flowers. Three to 4 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Elm, American White—Perhaps the grandest tree growing in America. The first two years it does not grow as rapidly as the others, but after becoming established is a strong growing tree. It becomes a tall, wide-spreading tree 75 to 125 feet high; symmetrical, vase-shaped. It needs more care in planting than others. Six to 8 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Elm, English—More densely branched than American and not quite so tall, with smaller, darker leaves, retained longer in autumn. The branches project from the trunk almost at right angles. Six to 8 feet, \$2.00 each.

Elm, Huntington—A very handsome tree of erect habit, rapid, vigorous growth; bark clean and smooth. One of the finest of this family. Eight to 10 feet, \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen.

Elm, Scotch—A rapid growing, spreading tree, with large, rough, dark purplish-green foliage. One of the best for avenue planting. Eight to 10 feet, \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen.

Euonymus (Burning Bush)—A large shrub. Its rich red and crimson leaves are very showy in autumn. Three to 4 feet, \$1.00 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Filbert, Purple Leaved—A very conspicuous sometimes called shrub, shrub with large, dark purple leaves. Distinct and fine. Three to 4 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Fringe, Purple or White—This is the beautiful "mist of smoke" tree. One of our hand-somest shrubs, growing in tree-like proportions in favorable locations. Its loose, graceful, drooping panicles of purple flowers are quite fragrant and are borne in fringing clusters above very large, deep green leaves of thick, feathery texture, giving the bush an appearance of purplish smoke, hence the name "Smoke Tree." In autumn the foliage turns to shades of reddish-brown. Blooms in June. Three to 4 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Judas Tree (Red Bud)—A medium sized tree with large, irregular head and perfect heart-shaped leaves; derives its name Red Bud from the profusion of delicate reddish-pink blossoms with which it is covered in early spring before the foliage appears. One of the finest ornamental trees. Five to 6 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 6 to 8 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Laburnum (Golden Chain)—This charming small tree, which rarely grows over 20 feet tall, takes its familiar name from the long racemes of golden yellow flowers with which it is radiant in June. It is of picturesquely irregular growth and has glossy pinnate leaves. Prefers a somewhat sheltered situation. Three to 4 feet, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

Linden, European—A very pyramidal tree with large leaves and fragrant flowers. A valuable tree for street and lawn planting, developing into beautiful specimens. Exten-

sively planted for ornamental purposes and for bee culture. Rapid growth, not particular as to soil, and perfectly hardy. Six to 8 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

Linden, American (Basswood)—Similar to the European Linden; has large leaves, but does not make as good a crown as the European Linden. Both are excellent trees for street. Six to 8 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Locust, Black—A tree of large size, and rapid growth. Flowers in long white racemes, very fragrant. Valuable for timber. Four to 6 feet, 40c each, \$4.00 per dozen. Six to 8 feet, .60c each, \$6.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Locust, Honey—A rapid growing tree with powerful spines and delicate foliage; the greenish flowers appearing in early summer are followed by flat pods 8 to 10 inches long; used extensively for hedges. Six to 8 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Maple, Norway—A large, handsome tree with broad, deep green foliage; has a very compact growth; a valuable tree for parks, lawn or streets. Eight to 10 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 10 to 12 feet, \$3.00 each, \$27.50 per dozen.

Maple, Silver or Soft—A hardy, rapid-growing native tree of large size. Valuable for producing a quick shade. Excellent for street planting. Six to 8 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Maple, Sycamore—A broad, handsome tree of medium size, rarely over 60 feet high, with larger, darker leaves than other maples. Casts a dense shade. Six to 8 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

Maple, Sugar or Hard—A well-known native tree, valuable both for production of sugar and wood. Very desirable as an ornamental shade tree; only an expert can tell this tree from the Norway Maple. Six to 8 feet, \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.50 each, \$27.50 per dozen.

Magnolia (Cucumber Tree)—The tallest of all the species, growing rapidly into a fine pyramidal tree 60 to 90 feet high. In mid-summer, large, creamy white blossoms appear among its deep green leaves, and large, cucumber-shaped fruits that turn bright crimson succeed them. Four to 6 feet, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

Mulberry, Russian—A very hardy and rapid growing, limber tree of great value, especially in the west; foliage abundant and said to be very desirable for silkworm culture; fruit good size and produced in large quantities. Introduced in America by the Mennonites. Five to 6 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 6 to 7 feet, \$1.25 each, \$12.00 per dozen.

Poplar, Carolina—Easiest shade tree to grow, hardest to kill; will stand more trouble, discussion and neglect than any other shade tree grown; more widely planted than all other shade trees combined, and considering all things, perhaps the most satisfactory shade tree for the Rocky Mountain section; it has good foliage and grows very rapidly. Six to 8 feet, 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, 80c each, \$8.00 per dozen; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Poplar, Bolleana—A tree of wonderfully rapid growth; leaves large, glossy green above and white underneath; prefers a moist soil, but grows anywhere; bark pale green, almost silver color, smooth. Five to 6 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Prunus Pissardi (Purple-leaved Plum)—A tree of medium size, wood and leaves dark purple; fruit is also purple until ripened; a native of Persia. One of the most conspicuous ornamental trees. 4 to 6 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Russian Olive—A very large shrub or small tree; leaves narrow and silvery-white, flowers yellow and fragrant; very hardy. Three to 4 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.25 each, \$12.00 per dozen.

Tuip Tree (White Wood)—Tall, pyramidal habit, with broad, glossy fiddle-shaped leaves and beautiful, tulip-like flowers; allied to the Magnolia. Four to 6 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Thorn, Double Flowering—Pink or white. Handsome dwarf trees with shiny, attractive leaves, blooming in spring with compact clusters of small, rose-like flowers. These are followed by large fruits and autumnal colorings. Four to 6 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Sycamore, Oriental Plane or European—A rapid-growing erect tree with bright green foliage; much more esteemed than the American variety as a shade tree; very desirable for parks, streets and lawns. Six to 8 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Willow, Golden—An exceedingly showy and pretty variety, with bark of bright golden color, making it very conspicuous during the winter. The catkins also are of yellow color. A handsome tree at all seasons and will make lots of wood in a short time. Very hardy, even in the Dakotas and Montana. Six to 8 feet, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen; 8 to 10 feet, 90c each, \$9.00 per dozen.

Trees for Wind-Breaks

	Height	Dozen	100	1,000
Locust, Black	18 to 24 in.	\$ 1.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 50.00
Locust, Black	2 to 3 ft.	1.50	9.00	60.00
Locust, Black	3 to 4 ft.	3.00	15.00	100.00
Locust, Black	4 to 6 ft.	4.00	25.00	200.00
Locust, Black	6 to 8 ft.	6.00	40.00	325.00
Poplar, Carolina	3 to 4 ft.	3.00	20.00	150.00
Poplar, Carolina	4 to 6 ft.	4.00	30.00	250.00
Poplar, Carolina	6 to 8 ft.	6.00	40.00	350.00
Poplar, Carolina	8 to 10 ft.	8.00	60.00	
Poplar, Carolina	10 to 12 ft.	10.00	75.00	
Willows, Golden	6 to 8 ft.	7.50	40.00	
Willows, Golden	8 to 10 ft.	9.00	60.00	
Willows, American	4 to 6 ft.	5.00	25.00	
Willows, American	6 to 8 ft.	6.00	35.00	
Willows, American	8 to 10 ft.	8.00	50.00	

WEeping TREES

Willow, Babylonica—A common and well known weeping willow. \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen.

Willow, American Weeping—A dwarf slender species from Europe. Grafted five or six feet high, it makes one of the most beautiful ornamental trees of the weeping kind. \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen.

Elm, Camperdown Weeping—This forms one of the most picturesque of the drooping trees; forms a large, umbrella-like head, spreading many feet in every direction; very rapid grower, making a growth of several feet in a season; leaves are large, dark green and glossy and cover the trees with a dense mass of verdure. Six to 8 feet, \$4.00 each, \$40.00 per dozen.

Birch, Cut-Leaved Weeping—Undoubtedly one of the most popular of all weeping or pendulous trees; tall and slender graceful, drooping branches, silvery-white bark, delicately cut foliage; makes an attractive tree; vigorous. Six to 8 feet, \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

Ash, Weeping Mountain—A beautiful tree of rapid growth and decidedly pendulous and trailing habit. One of the most desirable of lawn trees. \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

Mulberry, Teas Weeping—Forms a perfect umbrella-shaped head, with long, slender branches drooping to the ground, parallel to the stem; very hardy. One of the prettiest small weeping trees. \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

Ornamental Shrubs, Vines and Creepers

Upright Deciduous Shrubs

All shrubs, two to four feet, 85c each, \$9.00 per dozen.

Almond, White or Pink—Spring flowering shrubs, gaily in full bloom before the leaves appear. Their growth is dwarf, bushy and compact; slender branched; when in bloom completely hidden by beautiful, double flowers of rose or white, snuggling tight to the twigs.

Barberry Thunbergii (Japanese Barberry)—From Japan; of dwarf habit, small foliage, changing to a beautiful coppery red in the fall. Is very ornamental when used as a hedge.

Althea, in Variety—Blossoms late in August and September, with a profusion of large and brightly colored flowers much like the tender Hibiscus in form. Grown in standard form, they attain 10 to 12 feet in height and make attractive specimens; their foliage being particularly pleasing; planted more compactly and occasionally pruned, they are serviceable and showy hedges.

Buddleia (Butterfly Bush)—Known as the Summer Lilac. One of the most admired and sought after shrubs in the trade. Of quick, bushy growth; when the lovely bloom-spikes appear in July, the shrub, which has probably died down nearly to the ground during the winter, is now a perfect specimen of about five feet; radiating a delightful perfume and glowing with the tints and flower shape of the Spring Lilacs.

Cydonia (Japanese Quince)—One of the best flowering shrubs; flowers a bright scarlet crimson, borne in great profusion in early spring; foliage retains its color of bright, glossy green the entire summer; hardy; make good hedge plants.

Currant, Double Flowering—The flowering currants are much prized for their wealth of bright flowers in early spring and their prevailing spicy odor. The leaves are glossy green and turn to brilliant colors in the fall. It has yellow, fragrant flowers, followed by dark brown fruits which are edible. Very hardy. Attains a height of 5 to 7 feet. Early in April, when few trees or shrubs have awakened from their winter's sleep, the Flowering Currant puts forth its leaves and brilliant colors of bright flowers, loading the air with their sweet fragrance and adding a touch of sunshine to the landscape, otherwise dull.

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester—Has very large panicles of double white flowers when fully open, but a striking pink when in bud. The bush is a very upright grower, vigorous and healthy. Blossoms late in June. A splendid, hardy variety.

Deutzia, Crenata (Double-Flowering Deutzia)—A very hardy shrub with luxuriant foliage and a profusion of double white flowers tinged with rose, produced in late June on long racemes; one of the most desirable in cultivation.

Deutzia, Gracilis Rosea—Foliage beautiful yellow; flowers white and more showy than the slender branched variety.

Deutzia Gracilia (Slender-Branched Deutzia)—Of dwarf habit; flowers pure white; one of the first to bloom.

Deutzia Lemoine—Flowers pure white, shrub dwarf and free flowering; excellent for forcing.

Elder, Golden—Contrasted with other shrubs, the golden yellow leaves give heightened effects in tone and color. Flowers white, in flat-topped cymes. Grows naturally 10 to 15 feet, but can be pruned.

Forsythia (Golden Bell)—Shrubs growing 8 to 10 feet and a very early bloomer.

Varieties:

F. Intermedia—The earliest blooming.

F. Viridissima—Twisted flowers, a little the deepest yellow with rich, shiny green foliage.

F. Suspensa—Very long, curving branches, superbly adapted to covering arches and trellises.

Honeysuckle, Red Tartarian—Blossoms early in the spring; flowers a beautiful, bright red.

Honeysuckle, White Tartarian—Produces creamy white fragrant flowers in May and June; forms a high bush.

Honeysuckle, Morrowi—A spreading variety growing 4 to 6 feet tall; blossoms early in spring with pure white flowers followed by pretty red berries.

Hydrangea, Paniculata Grandiflora (Hills of Snow)—The flowers are similar to the familiar Snowball in appearance; conspicuously white and imposing; July to September.

Hydrangea, Arborecens Grandiflora—Resembles the *Paniculata* in general form and shape of flowers; borne in panicles of pyramidal shape from 5 to 8 inches in diameter and 8 to 10 inches long; changing to a greenish-white. One of the best varieties.

Highbush Cranberry—Eight to 10 feet. Handsome, dense, brilliant green foliage, a rich setting for large bunches of crimson berries which enliven the late summer and persist on bare branches into the winter.

Lilac, Purple or White—Best beloved of all old-time shrubs; exquisitely fragrant during spring.

Lilac, Persian—Dwarf growing, with slender branches and narrow leaves; flowers purple.

Mahonia (Oregon Grape)—A native shrub, very handsome, with purplish shining, prickly leaves and bright yellow flowers in May, followed by bluish berries; very ornamental, fine for massing.

Rhus Aromatica (Sumac)—Every lover of nature thrills at the sight of the woods and hillside copse blazing redly when autumn paints the Sumac leaves and brings forth its gorgeous fruits. Grows 2 to 4 feet tall; flowers yellow, in clusters along the stems, followed by red berries in June. Leaves color to brilliant scarlet in fall.

Rosa Rugosa, Red and White—Plant grows 4 to 5 feet high and is very ornamental with its beautiful, large, glossy foliage, distinctly wrinkled. Blossoms all season. Flowers single, very large, of a most beautiful bright, rosy crimson, succeeded by large berries of a rich red color; makes beautiful low hedge.

Snowball, Common—One of the favorites of old-time gardens. It grows into a magnificent high bush with upright branches and handsome foliage. It forms one of the most impressive sights of early summer when its pure white four-petaled flowers, borne in showy balls, are in bloom.

Snowball, Japanese—A native of Northern China. Of moderate growth; handsome leaves, globular heads of pure white neutral flowers early in June. It surpasses the common Snowball in several respects. Its habits are better, foliage much handsomer, flowers whiter and more delicate. One of the most valuable flowering shrubs.

Snowberry, White—A desirable shrub with small pink flowers followed by large, white wax-like berries, which hang on the plant through most of the winter. Grows to a height of 2 to 4 feet. Is very showy and succeeds everywhere. Of special value for planting in densely shady places where few other shrubs will grow.

Snowberry, Red—Same as above, only the berries have a red color and are smaller. Also called the Indian Berry.

Spirea Thunbergii (Snow Garland)—Dwarf habit and rounded, graceful form; branches slender and drooping; flowers pure white and borne the entire length of the twigs; foliage narrow and long, turning to orange scarlet in the fall.

Spirea Anthony Waterer—A fine dwarf Spirea with dark crimson flowers. Blooms nearly all summer.

Spirea Prunifolia—The real Bridal Wreath. Among the earliest of the double Spireas and very showy. It is very graceful and plume-like in effect, the branches being covered thickly almost their whole length with small, double white flowers, and sweeping outward in gentle curves.

Syringa Philadelphus (Mock Orange)—The flowers are very profuse, similar to Strawberry blossoms, but larger, white with a rich, creamy tinge imparted by the golden stamens.

Spirea Van Houtte—Often called Bridal Wreath; one of the most popular shrubs, especially in the northwest. The branches are very graceful and drooping; when in full bloom the leaves are almost covered with masses of white flowers. It will thrive anywhere, even close to the north wall of a house, in the shade as well as in the sun. One of the very best shrubs for an ornamental hedge. It likes a wet season but dry weather will not kill it. Grows about 6 to 8 feet high in good ground.

Tamarix—Growth is slender and graceful, with silvery foliage; pink flowers are borne on short spikes on the young growth only. Grows in damp places best. Height about 8 to 12 feet..

Verbena (Blue Spirea)—Beautiful, highly colored umbels borne very freely throughout the summer bedding season; purple, scarlet, pink and white.

Weigela Rosea—This is one of the most popular of all the Weigelas; a tall growing, vigorous sort with deep pink flowers in the greatest abundance during June, and most sparsely at intervals through the summer.

Weigela Eva Rathka—The most distinct and one of the most attractive varieties; flowers deep carmine red.

HARDY CLIMBING VINES AND CREEPERS

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Boston Ivy)—Leaves smaller than the American Ivy. Forms a dense sheet of green as leaves overlap each other; it is a little difficult to start, but when once established requires no further care; foliage changes to a crimson scarlet in the fall; very valuable to cover brick and stone structures, rockeries, etc. 85c each, \$8.50 per dozen.

Bignonia Radicans (Trumpet Vine)—A hardy climbing plant with large trumpet-shaped scarlet flowers appearing in August. 85c each, \$8.50 per dozen.

Clematis Jackmanni—Immense flowers of an intense violet purple; bloom continually all summer. 85c each, \$8.50 per dozen.

Clematis Paniculata—A small flowering, sweet scented Japan Clematis. One of the most vigorous and beautiful of all climbers. It is a rapid grower and desirable wherever a quick growing vine is needed, on walls, verandas, fences, etc. In late summer it produces dense sheets of medium sized pure white flowers of the most pleasing fragrance. Will grow in almost any soil and is entirely free from blight and insects. 85c each, \$8.50 per dozen.

Honeysuckle, Hall's Japan—A strong, vigorous vine with pure white flowers changing to yellow; foliage remains green well into the winter; very fragrant and covered with flowers almost entire season. One of the best climbing Honeysuckles. 85c each, \$8.50 per dozen.

Hedera Hibernica (English Ivy)—Similar to the Boston Ivy but with smaller, denser foliage. 85c each, \$8.50 per dozen.

Matrimony Vine—A general utility, hardy, climbing vine that will cover any obstacle to growth and flourish everywhere. Every new shoot produces handsome purple flowers and later a prodigious crop of scarlet berries nearly an inch long. 85c each, \$8.50 per dozen.

Virginia Creeper (American Ivy)—One of the finest vines for covering walls, verandas or trunks of trees; foliage green, turning to a rich crimson in autumn; a rapid grower and quickly fastens to anything it touches. 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

Wistaria, Purple or White—One of the hand-somest subjects for use on pergolas, porches and trellises; with attractive foliage and magnificent, dense, drooping clusters of pea-shaped flowers, crowning the top. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

DECIDUOUS PLANTS FOR HEDGE

		50	100
Berberis Thunbergii	12 to 18 in.	\$17.50	\$30.00
Dwarf Box	6 to 8 in.	22.50	40.00
Locust, Honey	12 to 18 in.	6.00	10.00
Locust, Black	18 to 24 in.	3.50	6.00
Privet, English	18 to 24 in.	4.50	8.00
Privet, English	2 to 3 ft.	5.50	10.00
Althea	12 to 18 in.	25.00	40.00

HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

Aquilegia (Columbine)—Distinct, clear-cut foliage and delicate arrangement of colors. Is especially suitable for rock work, at the base of foundations, walls, and under trees. Bloom in early spring. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Achillea Ptarmica Plena (Yarrow, Milfoil)—Free flowering plants of easy culture for mixed border; suitable for cutting. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Centaurea Montana (Cornflower)—July-August. Good plants for the flower border or wild garden, with thistle-like flowers. Blue. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Chrysanthemum Alpinus—Beautiful golden yellow flower, one of the best known varieties of Chrysanthemums. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Clematis Davidiana (David Clematis)—Summer flowering, blue, white or purple flowers, slow growing. 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen.

Eupatorium (Thorough Wort)—Pure white ageratum-like flowers; does well in shade. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Funkia (Day Lily)—Silvery white, lined green. A very ornamental foliage early in spring and in autumn throw up a profusion of lily-like flower spikes. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Hibiscus (Rose Mallows)—Noble shrub-like plants, with handsome green foliage, bearing throughout summer large flowers, from 3 to 5 inches in diameter. Very hardy. Suitable for garden and indoor use when cut. Pink, red, white or crimson. 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen.

Heliopsis (Golden Yellow)—A desirable, hardy herbaceous plant, growing from 3 to 4 feet high, beginning to flower early in the season and continuing the entire summer. The flowers are of a beautiful deep golden yellow color about 2 inches in diameter; of very thick texture and very graceful for cutting. 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen.

Hemerocallis (Yellow Day Lily)—This is undoubtedly one of the best perennial plants for ordinary garden culture as it will grow anywhere. The flowers are in spikes of from six to a dozen blooms, opening in succession, and are very useful cut flowers. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Helenium (Sneezewort)—Delightful perennial, covered from August to October with brilliant old gold and splashes of darker shades, changing later to wall flower red. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Lychnis Chalcedonica (Jerusalem Cross)—June to August. Brilliant scarlet in dense, flat heads. A grand border plant. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Liatris (Gay Feather Snakeroot)—A group of plants of the composite family with purple or nearly white flower heads. Fine for border, succeeding in any good soil. Liatris are easily grown from seed and last for years. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Plumbago Larpentae (Leadwort)—An attractive edging plant of evenly rounded and dense growth, about 12 inches high. Small single flowers of cobalt blue late in summer. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Phlox Brilliantissima—Bright scarlet flowers. Charming plant and used much for edgings, carpet bedding and on rockeries. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Phlox Independence—White flowers, fine for cutting. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Papaver Nudicaule (Iceland Poppy)—Fifteen inches. Elegant, free flowering plants bearing flowers in abundance all summer. 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen.

Sedum Spectabilis (Stonecrop)—Of upright growth, 15 to 18 inches high. Foliage rounded, thick and rubbery, crowned with massive flat symes of light rose colored flowers. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Salvia (Meadow Sage)—Three feet, August-October. One of the finest blue garden plants for brilliancy, far in advance of *Anchusa Italica*. Flowers cornflower blue. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Campanula (Bellflower)—A fine, free flowering, hardy perennial type, with remarkably large flowers. Especially good for cutting. Blue or white. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Chelone (Turtle Head)—Three feet. July and August. Allied to the Pentstemon; throws out long spikes of brilliant colored flowers. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Delphinium (Larkspur) Chinese—Dwarf growth; foliage small and deeply cleft; flowers loosely paniced; dark blue. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Delphinium (Larkspur) Gold Medal—Vigorous, free blooming, with flower spikes 2 feet long. Grand assortment of colors ranging from lightest blue to purple. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Dianthus (Carnation)—An old-fashioned flower, valuable for border, decoration and cutting. Single or double. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Gallardia Grandiflora (Blanket Flower)—Makes one of the most gorgeous and prodigal displays of all perennials, providing an un-failing supply of bloom in those rich, tawny shades so highly prized. Flowers often measure 3 inches in diameter, on clean 2-foot stems. A hard center of deep maroon is thickly bordered by petals of orange and yellow, strikingly ringed by circles of crimson, red and maroon. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Gypsophila (Baby's Breath)—Good for cutting as well as for borders. Flowers are minute but myriad, pure white, produced in immense fluffy panicles. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Hesperis Matronalis (Sweet Rocket)—Deliciously sweet scented flowers for garden or cutting. Purple or white. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Iberis (Candytuft)—Dwarf evergreen plants covered with blooms in spring and early summer. Excellent for rockeries or borders where bright dwarf masses are wanted. White. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Linum (Flax)—Pearly blue flowers. A graceful, hardy plant. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Lupinus (Lupin)—Most beautiful hardy border plants, producing tufts of soft, green foliage, from which arise in continuous succession the stately spikes of bloom. Mixed colors. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Myosotis (Forget-Me-Not)—The true Forget-Me-Not, a lovely dwarf plant for damp places, spreading rapidly and carpeting the ground. Makes excellent edgings and carpets for beds or borders of perennial plants. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Physostegia (False Dragon Head)—Dense bushes with spikes of delicate pink, tubular flowers. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Pyrethrum Roseum—Double or single. One of the most valuable of our early spring flowers. Charming color and wonderfully lasting properties as a cut flower; flowers in May and June, and frequently in August and September. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Scabiosa (Mourning Bride)—Flowers on long stem; fine for cutting. Lavender in color. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Stokesia Cyanea (Stoke's Aster)—July-October. Flowers like a giant cornflower, very distinct. White or rich blue. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Valeriana (Heliotrope)—Showy heads of reddish flowers. June to October. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

EVERGREENS

All Evergreens are Balled and Burlapped

Arbor Vitae—A well-known evergreen of great value; it forms an upright, conical tree of medium size and is, all things considered, the finest evergreen for screens, being hardy and easily transplanted. It grows rapidly and with little care, and soon forms a beautiful hedge, very dense and perfectly impervious to the sight. Are widely planted throughout the United States. Eighteen to 24 inches, \$2.50 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 each.

Arbor Vitae, Pyramidal—Most compact and erect of the entire species, in form almost a counterpart of the Irish Juniper. Foliage a deep green, retaining color. Perfectly hardy. Eighteen to 24 inches.

Pine, Austrian—A strong, hardy grower, fine for windbreaks. Eighteen to 24 inches, \$2.50 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 each.

Pine, Scotch—Like the Austrian, its quick, strong growth makes it valuable for protective screens; very hardy. Eighteen to 24 inches, \$3.00 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$4.00 each.

Spruce, Black Hills—A beautiful tree with drooping branches and fine yew-like foliage; perfectly hardy. Nine to 12 inches, \$1.00 each; 1 to 2 feet, \$2.50 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 each.

Spruce, Colorado Blue—This is the most beautiful of all conifers. Its silver foliage, glistening in the sunlight, makes it surpass in beauty any other evergreen. It is very hardy; a good grower, will stand severe winters and excessive moisture and is very easily transplanted. Eighteen to 24 inches, \$3.00 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$4.00 each; 9 to 12 inches, \$1.25 each.

Spruce, Norway—A lofty tree of perfect pyramidal form, remarkably elegant and rich, and as it gets age has fine pendulous branches; it is exceedingly picturesque and beautiful. One of the best Evergreens for hedges and windbreaks. Largely used for Christmas trees. Eighteen to 24 inches, \$2.50 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 each.

BULBS AND TUBERS

Dahlias—These showy and pretty flowers are becoming very popular and justly so. The Dahlia is one of the showiest of all fall flowers, commencing to flower in July they are in perfect bloom until stopped by frost. Flowers are most perfect and of beautiful form. Assorted. 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen.

Gladiolas—The Gladiola is the most attractive of all summer flowering bulbs and deserves a place in every garden, as it is sure to flower and do well with little care. Flowers are of most every desirable color. By cutting the spikes when two or three of the lower flowers are open, and placing them in water, the entire spike will open beautifully. Plant bulbs in June for fall blooming. \$1.75 per dozen.

Iris (Flag Lily)—These lovely flowers are suitable for border effects or for planting in front of the taller growing varieties. They commence to flower the last of March. Assorted. 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen.

Jonquils—Sweet-scented, yellow. It is one of the early blooming bulbs. \$1.25 per dozen.

Hyacinths—Among all the bulbs, Hyacinths stand in high order. Flowers may be produced by placing the bulbs in a glass filled with water or placed in pots or boxes in soil; colors blue, red, white and various shades. Medium, \$1.50 per dozen; large, \$1.75 per dozen.

Narcissus—Some varieties bloom as early as the Crocus. The flowers assume many forms and present many charming combinations of white, gold, primrose, orange, sulphur and pure yellow. They are quite fragrant. 70c per dozen.

Paeonias, Assorted—The Paeonia runs with the Rose in the gardening importance, and during its short season inspires as much enthusiasm and rivalry among plant lovers as its older rival. 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

Tulips—Tulips are the most glowingly brilliant and effective of all the early spring flowers. Plant them thickly and lavishly in the fall and they will reward you with abundant cheer during the cold, dull months of early spring. Early variety, 50c per dozen; late variety, 70c per dozen.

ROSES

Two-year-old bushes: 85c each, \$9.00 per dozen (half at dozen rates).

NOTE: (H. P.)—Hybrid Perpetual; (H. T.)—Hybrid Tea.

American Beauty—Deep red, fragrant. (H. P.)
Antone Revoire—White on yellow ground.

(H. T.)

Betty—Very fine coppery rose. (H. T.)

British Queen—Pure white, slightly flushed rose, large. (H. T.)

Baby Phillis—Beautiful carmine pink. (H. P.)

Baby Eugene Lamesch—Orange-yellow; large clusters. (H. T.)

Bessie Brown—Creamy white, large. (H. T.)

Baby Rambler—Rosy Crimson, dwarf. (P.)

Baby Jessie—Huge clusters, cherry crimson.

(P.)

Champ Weiland—The new Killarney. (H. T.)

Clara Watson—Flesh color, center shaded pink. (H. T.)

Duchess of Albany—Called the Red LaFrance. (H. T.)

Etoile De France—Rich velvety crimson, large double. (H. T.)
Gen. Supt. Jannasen—Carmine pink. (H. T.)
Gen. Jacqueminot—Scarlet crimson, large. (H. P.)
Graus An Teplitz—Scarlet crimson; fine for hedging. (H. T.)
Gen. McArthur—Bright Red, large, very fragrant. (H. T.)
Hadly—Deep crimson, delicate fragrance. (H. T.)
Killarney Pink—Shell pink. (H. T.)
Killarney Double White—Pure white double rose. (H. T.)
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria—Creamy white; flowers immense size. (H. T.)
Lady Hilingdon—Deep Apricot yellow. (H. T.)
Ladetroit—Shell pink, strong grower. (H. T.)
La France—Bright satin pink, very hardy. (H. T.)
Madam Carolina Testout—Clear bright satiny pink. (H. T.)
Madam Leon Paine—Silvery flesh pink. (H. T.)
Milady—Crimson scarlet. (H. T.)
Mme. Abel Chatney—Carmine, shaded salmon. (H. T.)
Mme. Jules Grolez—Bright China Rose, large. (H. T.)
Mrs. John Lang—Soft pink; one of the very best. (H. T.)
Prince Camile De Rohn—Dark maroon crimson. (H. P.)
Prince D'Arenburg—Scarlet, shaded with purple. (H. T.)
Paul Neyron—Deep pink, hardy and immense size. (H. P.)
Queen Beatrice—Very fine, bright pink. (H. P.)

Radiance Pink—Opaline-pink, large. (H. T.)
Rose Marie—Bright watermelon red of highest merit. (H. T.)
Ulrich Brunner—Cherry red, very large. (H. P.)
Winnie Davis—Apricot pink, shading to flesh. (H. T.)
William R. Smith—Creamy white with shadings of pink.

New and High-Class Varieties

Edward Mawley—One of the finest of all dark crimson roses; received the Gold Medal of the Nation Rose Society of England. (H. T.) \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Frau Karl Druschki—Pure snow white, constant bloomer, pointed buds; the finest white rose grown. (H. P.) \$1.25 each, \$12.00 per dozen.

Hoosier Beauty—Glowing deep crimson; velvety, upright, strong and free bloomer. (H. T.) \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Hon. J. L. Mock—Bright cherry red; inside petals silvery white, with high pointed centers. (H. T.) \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Los Angeles—One of the finest new roses ever introduced. Luminous flame pink, toned with coral, and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals. (H. T.) \$1.50 each, \$16.00 per dozen.

Ophelia—Sound flesh, shaded rose color of a very fine texture. (H. T.) \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Radiance Red—A dazzling crimson color, the sight of which is long to be remembered. Strong canes and enormous flowers. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Climbing Roses

Price: 85c each, \$9.00 per dozen.

American Beauty—Rich crimson, strong grower.

American Pillar—Flowers 3 or 4 inches across; of pleasing Apple Blossom pink with clear white eye and cluster of yellow stamens.

Crimson Rambler—A well known variety, large clusters.

Carolina Testout—Strong grower, fine pink flowers.

Dorothy Perkins—Shell pink, beautiful.

Excelso—Deep crimson, called Red Dorothy Perkins.

Graus Au Teplitz—A perfect sheet of crimson when in bloom; everblooming.

Lady Gay—Delicate pink, larger than Dorothy Perkins.

Mme. Alf Carriere—Pure white, slightly tinted yellow at the base. Makes a splendid tree rose as well as climbing.

Sunburst—Deep cadmium yellow with orange center; large, beautiful.

Silver Moon—Silvery white, yellow stamens; glossy bronze green foliage; large.

Tousandschon—Soft pink; almost free from thorns.

White Rambler—Small, white clusters like Crimson Rambler.

The Beautiful Home Is the Happy Home

Our Trees Bear
True to Name



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